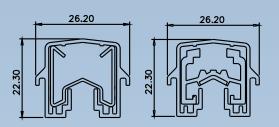




The Individual Conductor Bar System





# MOBILE ELECTRIFICATION SYSTEMS



Safeline-W Insulated conductor bars are used for power transmission. Current Capacity ranges from 60 Amps. to 1250 Amps rated at 100% duty cycle & nominal voltage upto 660 V. They fulfill the requirements of latest international standards. All are safe to touch and designed finger proof. Conductor rail provide a safe and economical supply of electrical power

for track guided mobile machinery.

### SAFELINE W

#### **Features**

Insulated conductor are touch proof, no exposed live parts to contact.

Quick and easy installation with single bolt, 4 pole hanger.

60 to 400 Amps. Conductor in same standard

60,100 & 125 Amps. Galvanised Steel

200 & 315 Amps. Aluminium / Stainless Steel

160,250 & 400 Amps rolled Copper.

4.5 meters bar length

Cover designed to shed water and dust

Joint cover provides total protection of joints.

Enclosed wiring for connection on collectors for safe and simple installation.

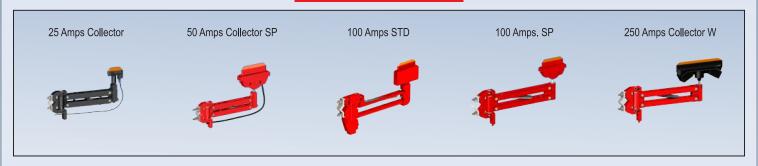
No expansion joints up to 150 meters long system

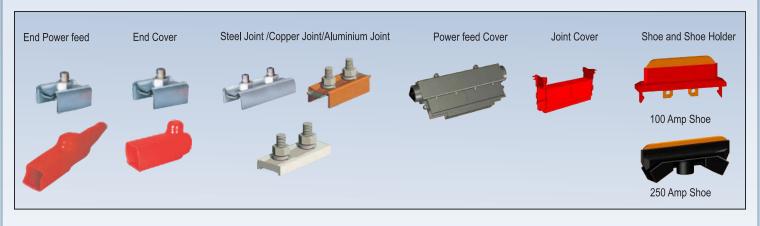
Slide in slot features for hanger supports to eliminate mis-alignment

Track configuration: Straight or Curved.

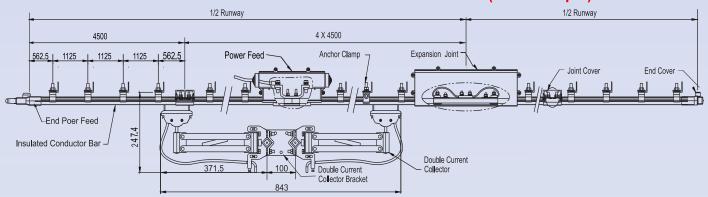
Degree of protection IP:21

#### COMPONENTS / PARTS





## **SYSTEM ARRANGEMENT FOR SAFELINE - W (60-400Amps.)**



#### **FEATURES**

- · Touch proof, no exposed live part
- Bolted Joint.
- Insulating cover shaped to shed water and dust.
- IEC-60204-1 (Safety of Machinery): IEC-60529 (Protection Class using Housing) IEC-60364-5-54 (Electrical

Installation upto 1000V)

- Quick & easy Installation.
- 1 pole / 4 Pole Hanger.
- No Expansion Joints upto 150 meters long system.
- Track Configuration : Straight or Curved.
- Suitable for Indoor / Outdoor Installation.
- 60 to 400 Amps. Conductor in same standard.

## **Current capacity factor for different ambient temperature**

Ambient Temperature		35°C	40°C	45°C	50°C	55°C
	Galvanized Iron	1.0	0.90	0.80	0.70	0.60
Standard Insulation	Aluminum Rail	1.0	0.92	0.81	0.76	0.68
	Copper Rail	1.0	0.93	0.87	0.82	0.78

Ambient Temperature		110°C	115°C	120°C	125°C	130°C	135°C	140°C
	Galvanized Iron	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4
High Temperature	Aluminum Rail	1.0	0.92	0.81	0.76	0.68	0.63	0.59
Tomporuna.	Copper Rail	1.0	0.93	0.87	0.82	0.78	0.74	0.72

## **Technical data Safeline W Bolted Joint Conductor Bar System**

Conductor Bar System	Galvanised Steel		Copper		Aluminium/SS		/SS		
Туре	WG60 WG100 WG125 WC160 WC250 WC400 WA200 WA315 WA					WA400			
Nominal Current (A) at 100% Duty and 35°C	60	100	125	160	250	400	200	315	400
DC Resistance (Ω/KM) at + 35°C	3.52	2.84	1.92	0.35	0.27	0.18	0.30	0.26	0.19
Impedence (Ω/KM) and + 35°C	3.55	2.86	1.92	0.36	0.30	0.22	0.32	0.29	0.23
Voltage grade [V]					1000				
Support Spacing [mm]					1125				
Bar Length [mm]					4500				
Minimum pitch center [mm]					43				
Traveling speed [MPM]	600 max								
Permissible ambient temperature	-30°C + 55°C (Standard Insulation) -30°C + 140°C (High Temperature Insulation)								
Minimum bending radius [m]					1.5				

<sup>\*</sup>High temperature insulation on request up to 140° C

## The Intermittent rating for conductors

RATING								
	100%	80%	60%	40%				
	60	66	77	94				
	100	111	129	158				
ALLOWABLE	125	138	161	197				
CURRENT	160	177	206	252				
(AMPS)	200	222	258	316				
	250	277	322	395				
	315	349	406	497				
	400	444	516	632				

## **DSL - LOAD CALCULATION**

### Sizing systems for multiple hoists, motors, and/or multiple cranes

For a single crane: Size the conductor bar to handle 100% of the current draw of the largest motor or group of motors, plus 50% of the combined current draw of the other motors on the vehicle.

For multiple cranes or vehicles: Determine the current draw for each crane/vehicle, using the method above. Sum all the current draws for each crane/vehicle, then multiply the sum by the appropriate demand factor :

# of Crane/vehicles	Demand Factor
2	.95
3	.91
4	.87
5	.84
6	.81
7	.78

The most effective way to demonstrate each factor is with examples based upon the following:

#### **Example:**

10 Tonne overhead crane conductor system length 100 meters.

Maximum Temperature Range 0 degrees C, to 35 degrees C.

Environmental Conditions - Good Indoors.

Supply - 415 volts, 3 phase, 50 Cycles, with Single End Powerfeed.

Allowable volt drop in downshop conductors - 3%

#### **Crane Motor Details:**

	ĸw	Normal Motor Running Currents	Motor Starting Currents
Hoist (H)	20	35A	70A
Cross Travel (CT)	3	5.25A	12A
Long Travel Twin Drive	2 x 2	7A	14A

#### Thermal Electrical Loading:

The total electrical load is the sum of the simultaneous individual electrical loads produced by normal running. There are two types of load to be considered:

#### 1 Continuous load

#### 2. Intermittent load

On systems with more than one crane, determine the thermal electrical loading by considering the combination of the running currents of the motors marked.

No of Cranes	Largest Motor of All Cranes	Second Largest Motor of All Cranes	Third Largest Motor of All Cranes	Fourth Largest Motor of All Cranes
1	*	*		
2	*	*	*	
3	*	*	*	
4	*	*	*	*

In the above example the total thermal load would be 35 + 7 = 42A. Therefore Safeline W - WG60 - 60Amps would be satisfactory.

#### **INTENSITY DURING THE START-UP PHASE:**

(2 seconds maximum)

Take into account the number of motors starting up simultaneously and those already in operation, then calculate the corresponding intensity. When the start-up intensity is not known, find the approximate value as follows:

Standard squirrel cage motor – 5 x normal running current

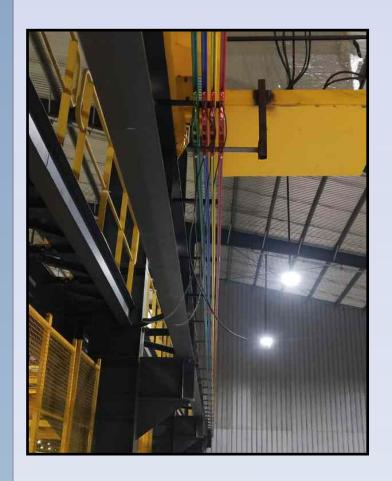
Type rotor motors - as used on some hoists – 7 x normal running current

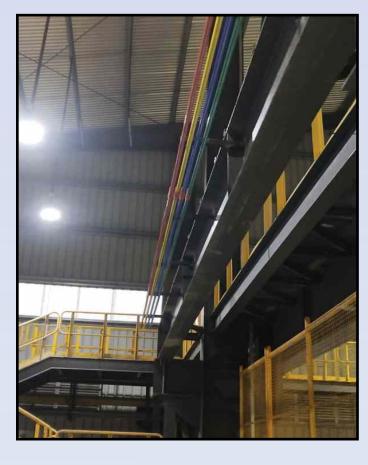
Slip Ring motors – 2 x normal running current

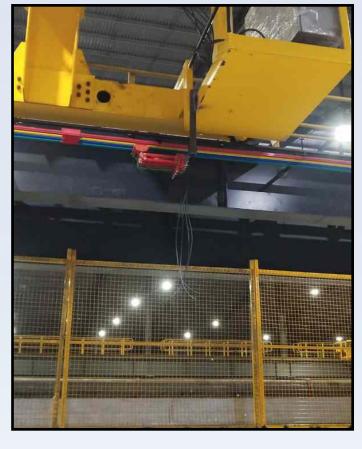
In the absence of information about running simultaneity of crane, please refer to the table hereunder:

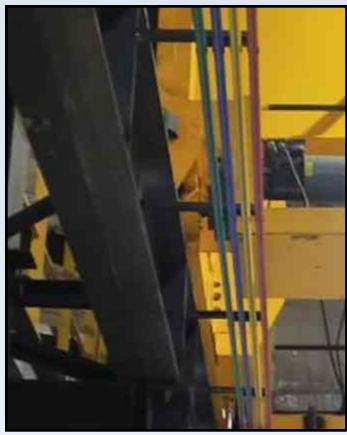
	For all the Cranes (IN)								
Number of crane on the line	1" motor		2" motor		3" motor		4" motor		
	$I_d$	I <sub>n</sub>	$I_{\rm d}$	$I_n$	$I_d$	$I_n$	$I_d$	$I_n$	
1	x			х					
2	х			х		х			
3	х		х			х			
4	х		х			х		х	

## **INSTALLATION PICTURES**









## **ENQUIRY FORM**

1- Power Consumer Type :			
(traveling crane, monorail, transto	cker etc.)		
2 -Length of the Installation : 🗀	m		
3 - Type of Current : □ AC □ DC			
4 - Number of Poles : pha	seearthr	neutral	
5 - Current (if know) : Land			
6 - Features of Crans :			
MOTOR (IN KW)	CRANE 1	CRANE 2	CRANE 3
ноѕт			
LONG TRAVEL			
CROSS TRAVEL			
OTHERS (PLEASE SPECIFY)			
7 - Type of Motor Start-Up (direct	vanator, additional resisto	rs)	
8 - Stationary Use : 🗆 yes 🗀 n	0		
9 - Duty Cycle Factor (maximum r	ate of use per 10 min perio	od):	
10 - Operation : $\square$ indoors $\square$ out	doors		
11 - Temperature : min °c	maxc		
12 - Permissible voltage Drop: in			
at	start-up: (def	ault value : 5%)	
13 - Installation Environment (dus	st, humidity, chemical age	nts) :	
14 - Traveling Speed of Mobile : L	m/mn		
15 - Number and Position of Feedi	ng Points along the line :		
16 - Supply of Fixing Brackets (see	e page 15) : 🗆 yes 🗀 n	10	
17 - Other Information about the I	nstallation :		
18 - For Installations with curves,	Transfers or Other special	Elements,	
Please Include Drawing or a sketc	h		
19 - Contact Data :			
Company :			
• For the attention of :			
• Department :			
• Postal address :			
• Telephone :			
• Fax :			
• E-mail :			

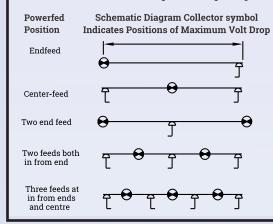


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## **Effects of various power feed positions on Volt Drop Calculations.**

Selection of feed-in points. The feed-in point for every application must be selected because the length L between power feed and conductor rail end is used for calculating the voltage drop. Following feed - in points can normally be used.



Effective Length to be used in Volt Drop Calculations LVD = L

 $IVD = \frac{L}{2}$ 

LVD =  $\frac{L}{4}$ 

 $LVD = \frac{L}{\epsilon}$ 

 $LVD = \frac{L}{10}$ 

Voltage Drop

The allowable volt drop determines, the maximum allowable resistance of conductor. The value of volt drop within a conductor system is effected by effective length of system and current drawn.

**Volt Drop Calcultion** 

For A. C. Machine 3 phase

 $\triangle U$  Volt drop = length (D) x Impedance (Z)

x Current (I) x 3√

 $U \% = \frac{\triangle U}{U n} \times 100 [\%]$ 

#### PRODUCT RANGE - INDIVIDUAL

System Design		Insulated Co	onductor Bar	Heavy Conductor Bar		
Conductor Bar System	Safeline-W	Safeline-M	Safeline-U	Safeline-C	Safeline-V	Safeline-V
Type of Joints	Bolted	Pin	Joint Less	Joint Less	Aluminium	Copper
SAFELINE					H	
Nominal Current (A)	60-400	60-315	70-100	40-140	500-800-1000-1250	500-800-1000-1250
Volts (V)	600	600	600	600	600	600
Support Spacing (m)	1.125	1.125	1.2	1.2	2.25	2.25
Bar Length	4500	4500	4500	4800	4500	4500
Outside Dimensions (mm)	23 x 27	20 x 22	74 x 14	34 x 19	42 x 32	42 x 32

System Design	Enclosed Conductor Bar							
Conductor Bar System	Safe-Duct 5	Safe-Duct 7	Safe-Duct 4	Safe-Duct Mini				
Type of Joints	Bolted/Joint Less	Bolted/Joint Less	Bolted/Joint Less	Bolted/Joint Less				
Safe-Duct Enclosed Conductor Bar System								
Nominal Current (A)	40-60-80-100-140-200	40-60-80-100-140	40-60-80-100-140	40-60				
Volts (V)	600	600	600	600				
Support Spacing (m)	1.333	1000	1000	1000				
Bar Length	4000	4000	4000	4000				
Outside Dimensions (mm)	85 x 56	87 x 52	87 x 52	60 x 40				

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